# PINELLAS COUNTY SCHOOLS BRIDGING THE GAP

# 2023-24 PLAN MID-YEAR UPDATE





# **Bridging the Gap Plan Overview**

Bridging the Gap (BTG) is a Pinellas County Schools (PCS) initiative designed by the district to close or greatly narrow educational achievement gaps between Black students and their non-Black peers by the year 2027. With broad community input gathered during the plan's initial development in fall of 2016, the BTG Plan outlines educational equity gaps across six goal areas:

Goal 1: Graduation Rate	Goal 4: Student Discipline
Goal 2: Student Achievement	Goal 5: ESE Identification
Goal 3: Advanced Coursework	Goal 6: Minority Hiring

The overarching goal of BTG is to provide pathways to improve the educational outcomes of Black students, particularly regarding equitable performance on standardized assessments, improved graduation rates, participation in advanced level coursework, reductions in disproportionate disciplinary consequences and overrepresentation in Exceptional Student Education (specifically – Emotional/Behavioral Disability). Additionally, the district has prioritized increased teacher diversity to recruit and retain teachers of color.

The key findings presented in this report represent a summary of the implementation efforts for the six goals stated above. The ongoing evaluation of the BTG plan is designed to accomplish the following: (1) identify the extent to which PCS has developed structures and systems to support educational equity and meet stated goals; (2) highlight the successes of the BTG initiative, to date; (3) identify areas for refinement or improvement; and (4) establish a set of best-practice recommendations for improving the plan moving forward. The findings within this report are part of a multi-year evaluation of the BTG Plan which supports annual improvements to the plan and district leadership.

# Bridging the Gap Oversight and Monitoring

The Bridging the Gap (BTG) plan is a systemic initiative and large-scale effort to improve persistent inequitable educational outcomes for Black students in Pinellas County Schools. To ensure alignment of the goals and desired outcomes, the district developed consistent methods and measures. Each year the BTG plan is refined to update strategies and actions aligned to current progress with quarterly updates communicated to the community. The Pinellas County School Board (Board) and district remain committed to the BTG plan, evident in the explicit inclusion of the plan each year within the Board-approved <u>District Strategic Plan</u>. To ensure continuous improvement and attention to implementation, each goal within the BTG plan has a goal manager who works cross-functionally to develop, implement and monitor the strategic action plans. Goal managers meet regularly with Executive Leadership, including the Superintendent, Deputy Superintendent and Minority Achievement Officer, regarding progress and any barriers that need support.

The district has made progress, particularly in the development and implementation of districtwide professional development opportunities and improving early warning systems. Within each BTG Goal, most action steps have focused on training for teachers and leaders, improved data monitoring and identifying and tracking students who are at-risk. There is evidence of systems change in each of these key areas as the district has built data systems that track and measure the progress of students in meeting graduation requirements and matching students to advanced courses. Additionally, the district has invested in partnerships with national experts in equitable practices, developed staff to become local trainers and developed a robust set of training options.

Data outcomes measured within the plan have demonstrated some improvement, though the COVID-19 pandemic impacted progress during the 2019-20, 2020-21 and 2021-22 school years. As a district committed to continuous improvement, Pinellas County Schools recognizes there is still work to be done and is dedicated to ensuring the goals within the BTG plan are met or exceeded. Some goals within the BTG plan have demonstrated greater success in terms



of student outcomes than others and the district will continue to refine and adapt the strategies and actions to align with current capacity and promote long-term systems change and sustainability over time.

### BTG 2023-2024

The Bridging the Gap Plan outlines the district's 10-year goals, annual benchmarks and strategies set for each goal area. While progress is expected each year, it should be noted that the gaps are not likely to decrease equally every year. The district may find that some gaps decrease quickly while others remain stable (or widen) until the plan's actions work in unison to bring about the systemic change needed to impact all gaps.

As the district is entering the seventh year of implementation, a review of strategies took place in the summer/fall of 2023. The updated plan reflects new and enhanced in-process measures and actions to deepen implementation and increase impact for student outcomes. The plan was also updated to reflect current assessment and instructional standards. Strategies and actions that have been previously completed or become district ways of work remain documented within the plan but are noted as *previous action steps and current ways of work* to acknowledge the efforts that have been accomplished and continue to be supported.

### **Quarter 2 Highlights**

Within the charts in this update, each action step (across all goals) includes progress metrics and updates aligned to the reporting frequency denoted in the 2023-2024 plan. Action steps with reporting frequencies are noted within the update column to ensure transparency on when updates will occur.

Throughout the first semester of the 2023-2024 school year, a focus on the strategies and actions within the Bridging the Gap plan continued. School and district staff continued the work to accelerate learning and focus their work to ensure that students' needs continue to be known and met.

The highlights below depict just some of the many actions/strategies occurring this school year and demonstrate the commitment of and progress toward increased outcomes for Black students in Pinellas County Schools.

#### Goal 1: Graduation Rate

- The January 2024 graduation rate status update is showing strong progress in Black students meeting their graduation testing requirements through one of a variety of available options to them, all of which lead to a standard diploma.
- Reading classes and English classes in 11th and 12th grade are supporting students to succeed on the full complement of tests including the state's FAST ELA, the ACT and SAT, and now the new Classic Learning Test (CLT).
- Currently, there are 194 fewer Black seniors than there were in January 2023 who still have not passed the state's ALG assessment and 142 fewer Black seniors who have not yet passed the state's English/Reading assessment. In 2023 at this time in January, the Black senior cohort had 1,280 members, 428 of the 1,280 students had not yet passed the state's mathematics assessment and 477 of the 1,280 students had not passed the state's English/Reading assessment. This year, as of January 2024, the Black senior cohort has 1,390 students, and out of those students only 234 have not yet passed the state's mathematics assessment.



#### **Goal 2: Student Achievement**

- A new middle school acceleration model is being piloted in two district schools, Dunedin Middle School and Bay Point Middle School. The new initiative, under the title of Empowering Excellence, will provide students and families of incoming 6th graders with specific support focused on accelerating achievement for identified talented Black learners in those schools. This includes parent information sessions, a summer college readiness workshop, and an embedded curriculum designed to challenge students with rigorous tasks, discussions, and problem-solving.
- A wide range of extended learning options have been offered at schools, with unique Saturday workshops at Transformation Zone schools. An extended Summer Bridge program has been planned for high-need schools specific to each school's needs.
- The district has assembled a lead team of teachers and district trainers to clarify the outcomes and expectations across the equitable outcomes training. More than 60 teachers and district staff met to brainstorm and narrow the work to a few high-yield, responsive strategies that impact outcomes. Their purpose is: "To ensure all students learn in a positive, inclusive and academically enriching environment where the instructional process guarantees student achievement." A course has been designed called Excellence for All: Fostering Connection and Academic Engagement. It focuses on Building Relational Capacity, Respecting Student Voices/Experiences and Holding High Expectations.
- The Pinellas Early Literacy Initiative (PELI) has been expanded to 18 schools this year, with a continued focus on schools with high minority enrollments and larger achievement gaps. The promising results from this program have impacted early grade proficiency and are leading to improved Black achievement by 3rd grade.

#### **Goal 3: Rigorous Coursework**

- 1,093 PCS teachers have completed the Gifted micro-credential.
- 155 Black Elevating Excellence students have visited the College and Career Centers.
- Currently there are more than 30,000 enrollments in college-level coursework.
- 5,000 seniors had the opportunity to take the SAT free of cost during the school day.
- 7,498 students in grades 6-12 continue to receive academic support for rigorous coursework through the AVID elective. There are currently 1,852 Black students who receive academic support through the AVID elective.

#### **Goal 4: Student Discipline**

- Through the end of the first semester PCS has reduced the Office Discipline Referral (ODR) and Out-of-School Suspension (OSS) volume of instances and risk ratio for Black students when compared to the previous school year.
- The responsiveness and consistency of the Climate and Behavior Teams continue to support schools with individual students, teacher classroom conditions/procedures and schoolwide conditions/procedures/PBIS.
- The use of restorative practices as the sole action code from a discipline referral will continue to be an area of focus when providing professional learning with school leadership teams.

#### Goal 5: ESE Eligibility

- Training for Behavior Specialists has focused on Specially Designed Instruction, Designing Behavior Goals for IEPs, School-Based Mental Health, Principles of Applied Behavior Analysis, Organizational Behavior Management, and Functional Behavior Assessments.
- Contract and Pinellas County Schools Registered Behavior Technician support to students who need more intensive behavioral intervention to address acute behavior and model interventions for staff. The support



provided can be a short-term intervention lasting a few days, or provided for a longer duration if it is necessary to work through the steps in the behavior plan.

- Board Certified Behavioral Analyst consultation on Functional Behavior Assessment and Positive Behavior Intervention Plan development to build capacity in school-based staff.
- Monthly mentoring for new school-based Behavior Specialists.
- School Climate and Transformation Grant staff trained Behavior Specialists on the Science of Belonging.

# Goal 6: Minority Hiring

- Leadership opportunities continue to occur through events that support current and future Black leaders. Book study participation continued throughout the first semester with 14 attending.
- First-year principals and assistant principals receive support through mentorship and six training opportunities. These opportunities continue to provide just-in-time support and in small group and individual settings to ensure leaders have the support that is specific to their needs and professional growth.
- Recruiters attended the Diversity in Education fair, which was open to all school districts. PCS was able to secure 5 candidates at this event.
- As the district continues to hire classroom teachers, mentoring for late hires continues to be a need. To support late hires, a substitute is provided for both the newly hired teacher and the assigned mentor, ensuring the first few days of support are available.
- Spring applicant pools, allowing additional early recruitment opportunities, have opened for the 2024-2025 school year.



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# Goal 1: Graduation Rate- Eliminate the gap between the graduation rates for Black and non-Black students.

Goal Manager: Rita Vasquez, Ed.D., Executive Director, High School Education

**Baseline Condition (as of 2015-16):** Pinellas County Schools has a graduation rate for all students of 80.1% and a rate for Black students of 65.5%. The district has seen a 10.9 percentage point increase in graduation rate among Black students since 2012, with an improvement among all students of 8.1 percentage points. A gap in graduation rates still exists between Black (65.5%) and non-Black (83.4%) students, a gap of 17.9 percentage points.

Aspirational Goal: Pinellas County will increase the graduation rates for Black learners each year at a higher rate than the non-Black graduation rate. The goal is to decrease the gap in graduation rates between Black and non-Black students by an average of 1.8 percentage points each year until the gap is eliminated or greatly narrowed.

Goal 1: Annual Outcome Measures Baseline (2015-16)		-	Planning Year (2016-17)		2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	
Graduation Rate: # and % of	Black	65.5%	Actual	69.3%	76.2%	81.3%	85.5%	86.3%	78.5%	76.6%
Black students who graduated on time with a standard, high	васк	(932)	Target	67.3%	69.1%	70.9%	72.7%	74.5%	76.3%	78.1%
school diploma / four-year senior cohort.	Non- Black	83.4%	Actual	85.8%	88.1%	90.0%	92.7%	93.1%	90.1%	89.9%
	GAP	17.9	Actual	16.5	11.9	8.7	7.2	6.8	11.64%	13.3%

Related Outcomes Measures (Data below include all high school sites)	Baseline (2015-16)	Planning Year (2016-17)		2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
# and % of Black students in high school (grades 9-11) with a 2.0 or above GPA.	70.0%	Actual	70.0%	69.4%	76.6%	68.9%	66.0 %	57.7%	65.1%
# and % of Black students in high school (grades 9-11) with Algebra 1 credit / passing score on state Algebra 1 EOC.	No Baseline Data Established	Actual	60.0%	65.3%	45.8%	Data not available	32.88%	33.6%	40.1%



Related Outcomes Measures (Data below include all high school sites)	Baseline (2015-16)	Planning Year (2016-17)		2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
# and % of Black students in high school (grades 9-11) with required credits earned to date.	No Baseline Data Established	Actual	81.6%	81.0%	77.1%	79.7%	72.4%	71.2%	68.7%
# and % of Black students in high school (grades 9-10) with Level 3 or above on state ELA assessment (FSA ELA).	(530) 21.8%	Actual	22.0%	24.0%	24.6%	Data not available	23.1%	21.9%	22.5%
# and % of Black students who graduated with a standard diploma via a concordant assessment score (WFT).	(242) 26.0%	Actual	(371) 39.8%	(448) 42.9%	(471) 44.1%	(434) 41.0%	(401) 36.9%	(471) 47.2%	(430) 44.9%
# and % of Black students who graduated with standard diploma via an ESE assessment waiver (WFW or WRW).	(98) 10.5%	Actual	(100) 10.7%	(78) 7.5%	(53) 5.0%	(58) 5.5%	(57) 5.2%	(67) 6.7%	(73) 7.6%



# Goal 1: Key Action Steps

Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency		
Academic Rigor and Standards- Based Instruction	<ul> <li>1.1) Train all English 1 and English 2 teachers to leverage the Tier 1 Core Intervention Program, Think Cerca, in order to support the closing of thinking, reading, and writing (literacy) skills gaps for students in 9th and 10th grade.</li> </ul>	CoreImplementingscore proficient on the mid- year writing formative.of 9th and 10th grade students (BNB) scoring proficient on FAST		e ⊠Implementing score proficient on the mid- year writing formative. of 9th and 10 grade student (BNB) scoring # and % of 9th and 10th grade students (BNB) who score proficient on the FAST PM2 compared to 2		re proficient on the mid- r writing formative. ad % of 9th and 10th grade bents (BNB) who score ficient on the FAST PM2 of 9th and 10th grade students (BNB) scoring proficient on FAST PM3 reading as compared to 2022-	
Academic Rigor and Standards- Based Instruction	1.2) Allocate funds for paid 7th period to two highly qualified English teachers per school at seven (7) high schools, to provide small group instruction and individual tutoring to Black students who scored L1 or L2 on FAST PM3 during the 2022-23 school year. Each teacher is expected to provide differentiated literacy tutoring support to 20-30 students each semester.	□Planning ⊠Implementing	<ul> <li># and % Black students engaged in an intervention by grade level and per teacher</li> <li>Q2 UPDATE: During semester 1, 222 9th and 10th unique students received individual and/or small group tutoring at the 7 high schools. The data system currently set up to collect tutoring data is very time- intensive for teachers, taking on average 22 minutes to complete per student after each tutoring session. As a result, it has been found that teachers are keeping paper/pencil records and working to find time to enter the actual data into the data system. A process is being worked on to improve this for semester 2 and subsequent years.</li> </ul>	# and % of Black students receiving ELA supports at the identified high schools meeting graduation readiness standards per grade level expectations by scoring level 3 or above on PM3.	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year		
Academic Rigor and Standards- Based Instruction	<ul> <li>1.3) Recruit, hire and assign three (3)</li> <li>Algebra tutors, from local colleges and universities to the following high schools: Boca Ciega, Gibbs,</li> <li>Lakewood. These tutors will provide</li> </ul>	□Planning ⊠Implementing	# and % of Black L1/L2 (FAST Algebra 1 EOC prior year) students, at each grade level, receiving math tutoring at the identified schools.	# and % of Black students receiving math tutoring at the identified high schools meeting	□Quarter 1 ☑Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ☑End-of-Year		



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency	
	tutoring support in Algebra classrooms to Black students who scored L1 or L2 on the FAST ALG EOCs to close mathematics skills gaps within core instruction.		Q2 UPDATE: No Algebra tutors were available for hire during semester 1. For semester 2, staff are working on identifying student leaders in upper-level math classes who can act as tutors for 9th and 10th graders struggling in ALG classrooms.	graduation readiness standards per grade level expectations by scoring level 3 or above on FAST Algebra 1 EOC.		
Extended Learning	<ul> <li>1.4) Ensure that all Black students who are not on track to graduate are invited to participate in school, extended learning opportunities before and after school and in the extended year (Summer Bridge) with 80% enrolling or participating. Implement a monitoring and reporting system for enrollment and success in earning credit.</li> </ul>	□Planning ⊠Implementing	<ul> <li># and % of Black students NOT on track enrolled in in-school credit recovery programs</li> <li># and % of Black students NOT on track enrolled in previous summer credit recovery programs</li> <li>Q2 UPDATE: During semester 1, 1,013 Black students in grades 9-12 enrolled in 3,702 semester classes in the credit recovery system. 363 black students out of that group completed 1,093 semester courses as of the end of semester 1.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li># and % of 'not on track' Black students enrolled in credit recovery/summer bridge who earned credit</li> <li># and % of 'not on track' Black students enrolled in credit recovery/summer credit recovery programs meeting graduation readiness standards per grade level expectations</li> </ul>	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year	
Extended Learning	1.5) Develop the hybrid education program and supports within Pinellas Gulf Coast Academy for students in danger of not completing high school due to an inability to attend school in person due to difficult life circumstances (e.g., students who need to work full-time to help support their	⊠Planning ⊠Implementing	<ul> <li>Program deployment</li> <li># of Black students enrolled in program</li> <li>Q2 UPDATE: There are a total of 28 Black students in grades 9-12 in the online program through Pinellas Gulfcoast Academy. 15</li> </ul>	# of Black students completing courses for graduation requirements within the program.	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year	



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency	
	families both financially and medically).		of the 28 are in the Senior Cohort and 2 of the 15 seniors are currently on track to graduate. However, students have multiple opportunities to earn a concordant score this semester, and it is anticipated more will fall on track during semester 2.			
Family and Community Engagement	1.6) Provide all high schools with parent presentation materials about state graduation requirements and the school-level supports available to students who are not yet on-track to graduate. Require all high schools to conduct at least one parent meeting providing the information and student-specific graduation checks for all of their junior and senior parents. The district will provide the materials and train school personnel as needed.	□ Planning ⊠Implementing	# of events hosted per school Q2 UPDATE: Every Traditional High School (17) and every EAS program (4 out of 5, so all except Pinellas Innovation High School because they do not have a senior cohort yet) held at least 1 PARENT NIGHT where they taught parents the requirements for graduation from the state of Florida, provided parents transcripts for their students identifying if their student was on-track or off-track, and also provided parents with information about the supports available to their students if they were off-track on any specific graduation requirement. So, 21 events were held. RJ Technical High School held 2 events, and Pinellas Gulfcoast Academy also held 2 events.	# of participants and views (if virtual/recorded event)	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 □End-of-Year	
Family and Community Engagement	<ul> <li>1.7) Fund the implementation of the research-based student leadership/peer mentoring program "The Leader in Me" from the Franklin Covey Group at the following schools: Clearwater,</li> </ul>	⊠Planning ⊠Implementing	# of schools that plan during semester 1 to successfully start implementation during semester 2	# of students who are trained as student leaders/peer mentors by end-of-	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year	



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency	
	Gibbs, Hollins, Largo, Lakewood, Northeast, Pinellas Park and St. Petersburg.		# of school staff trained in the system during semester 1 to prepare for a semester 2 start Q2 UPDATE: The LEADER in ME program was approved by the School Board in December. As such, there was no training possible for any staff in the first part of the school year. Training for staff in all 8 schools and for the students in this leadership program as well, is now underway.	semester 2, per school # of students who are mentored by the Leader in Me student mentors during semester 2, per school (by end- of-semester 2)		
Extended Learning	1.8) Ensure all Black students participate in college readiness testing such as ACT or SAT. Ensure that these testing options are aligned with personalized learning plans for Black students not on track to graduate.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work	<ul><li># and % of Black students who participate in ACT assessment.</li><li># and % of Black students who participate in SAT assessments.</li></ul>	% of Black students not on track for graduation (in current graduating class) due to assessment requirements who participate in ACT/SAT.	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year	



# **Goal 1: Previous Action Steps and Current Ways of Work**

Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status				
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	1.9) Provide an instructional model that ensures rigorous, culturally relevant instruction for all students using assignments aligned to challenging state standards, engagement strategies and student-centered practices. Note: This action denotes PCS action step for all students, not specific action for Black students.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work				
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	1.10) Provide each high school the specific standards from district assessments in English, Mathematics, Biology and U.S. History by race to support schools in identifying course concepts / standards that need to be re-taught to improve student mastery and reduce the likelihood of course failures.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work				
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	1.11) Develop training materials for teachers and school leaders in support of standards-based grading and in support of equitable grading practices. These materials are for use by school leaders in coaching conversations with teachers with disproportionate failures for Black students in core academic areas.	□Complete □Way of work ⊠Other: Moving to BTG Goal 2				
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	stems and support interventions for students who are not on track to graduate. (Data includes GPA, credits earned and scores on state graduation assessments).					
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	1.13) Develop a learner profile and personalized monitoring plans for all Black students who are not on track to graduate	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work				
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	1.14) Provide side-by-side coaching as needed to high school leadership teams, assistant principals and principals on using the Graduation Status Reports to focus support for Black students and review personalized learning plans for students who are not on track to graduate.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work				
Extended learning	1.15) Provide extended learning opportunities before and after school and extended year (Summer Bridge) programs.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work				
Family and Community Engagement	1.16) Ensure equitable representation of Black learners in awards and recognition ceremonies.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work				
Family and Community Engagement	1.17) Ensure student and family conferences with all Black students not on track to graduate to create, review and/or update personalized learning plans.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work				



# Goal 2: Student Achievement- Eliminate the gap between the proficiency rates in reading (ELA) and mathematics on state and national assessments for Black and non-Black students.

Goal Manager: Dan Evans, Ed.D., Chief Academic Officer

**Baseline Condition (as of 2015-16):** Pinellas County Schools has a proficiency rate on the Florida Standards Assessment (FSA)<sup>1</sup> for ELA-Reading of 56.4% for non-Black students and 24.2% for Black students, a gap of 32.2 points. The proficiency rate on the FSA for Math is 60.9% for non-Black students and 27.9% for Black students, a 33-point gap. Smaller gaps are found on national norm-referenced tests such as the ACT and SAT. For purposes of this goal, the gap is defined as the difference in performance between Black and non-Black students on state and national norm-referenced assessments.

Aspirational Goal: Pinellas County will decrease the gap in ELA-Reading and Mathematics proficiency for Black students by an average of 3.2 percentage points each year on state assessments until the gap is eliminated or greatly narrowed.

Annual Outcome Measures ELA and Math	Baseline (2015-16) <sup>1</sup>	Planning Year (2016-17) <sup>1</sup>		2017-18 <sup>1</sup>	2018-19 <sup>1</sup>	2019-20 <sup>12</sup>	<b>2020-21</b> <sup>1</sup>	2021-22 <sup>1</sup>	2022-23 <sup>3</sup>
	<b>Black</b> (2,494)	(2,65 25.7	-	(2,533) 24.6%	(2,831) 27.1%	No data	(2,419) 25.6%	(2,428) 25.3%	(2,668) 26.4%
# and % of Black students districtwide scoring Level 3 or above on state FAST ELA/Reading	24.2%	Target	27.4	30.6	33.8	37.0	40.2	42.6	45.8
	Non-Black	Actual	57.7	57.4	59.7	No data	57.8	56.2%	54.6%
	GAP	Actual	32.0	32.8	32.6	No data	32.2	30.9%	28.1%
	<b>Black</b> (2,143)	(2,30 <b>29.0</b>	-	(2,319) <b>29.2%</b>	(2,336) <b>30.0%</b>	No data	(2,251) 24.9%	(1,978) 27.8%	(2,326) 33.8%
# and % of Black students districtwide scoring	27.9%	Target	31.1	34.3	37.5	40.7	43.7	46.9	50.1
Level 3 or above on FAST Math	Non-Black	Actual	62.0	62.2	62.8	No data	56.8	60.1%	65.0%
	GAP	Actual	33.0	33.0	32.8	No data in 2019-20	31.9	32.2%	31.6%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The 2022-23 school year is the baseline school year for the new state Florida Assessment of Student Thinking (FAST) assessments. Provisional scores are linked to an FSA equivalent scale until the FDOE completes B.E.S.T. Assessments Standard Setting and the State Board of Education approves Achievement Level cut scores aligned to the B.E.S.T. Standards.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Assessment results for this school year reflective of the Florida Standards Assessments (FSA). Starting in the 2022-23 school year, the state transitions to the Florida Assessment of Student Thinking (FAST) assessments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> State Florida Standards Assessments (FSA) and End-of-Course (EOC) exams were not administered in the 2019-20 school year as schools statewide were engaged in remote learning from March-June 2020.

Related Outcome Measures ELA and Math	Baseline (2015-16) <sup>1</sup>	Planning Year (2016-17) <sup>1</sup>		<b>2017-18</b> <sup>1</sup>	2018-19 <sup>1</sup>	2019-20 <sup>1 2</sup>	2020-21 <sup>1</sup>	2021-22 <sup>1</sup>	2022-23 <sup>4</sup>
# and % of Black students in Grades 3-5 scoring Level 3 or above on state FAST ELA-Reading / elementary.	(1,129) 26.5%	Actual	(1,302) 29.5%	(1,191) 27.0%	(1,302) 29.6%	No data	(1,108) 28.9%	(1,209) 31%	(1,231) 33.1%
# and % of Black students in Grades 6-8 scoring Level 3 or above on state FAST ELA-Reading / middle school.	(835) 23.1%	Actual	(859) 23.5%	(811) 22.0%	(970) 25.6%	No data	(791) 22.7%	(752) 21%	(834) 23.8%
# and % of Black students in Grades 9-10 scoring proficient / Level 3 or above on FAST ELA- Reading / high school.	(530) 21.8%	Actual	(493) 22.0%	(531) 24.0%	(559) 24.6%	No data	(520) 24.4%	(467) 22%	(603) 21.1%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The 2022-23 school year is the baseline school year for the new state Florida Assessment of Student Thinking (FAST) assessments. Provisional scores are linked to an FSA equivalent scale until the FDOE completes B.E.S.T. Assessments Standard Setting and the State Board of Education approves Achievement Level cut scores aligned to the B.E.S.T. Standards.



# **Goal 2: Key Action Steps**

Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
Academic Rigor and Standards- Based Instruction	2.1) Provide an instructional model that ensures rigorous, culturally responsive instruction for all students using assignments aligned to challenging state standards, engagement strategies and student-centered practices.	⊠ Implementing	% of Black students at or near proficiency on district and state progress monitoring assessments for ELA and math.         Q2 UPDATE: Elementary       N       %         FAST PM2 ELA/Reading L3+       829       21.6%         FAST PM2 Math L3+       413       10.8%         Middle       N       %         FAST PM2 ELA/Reading L3+       718       20.9%         FAST PM2 Math L3+       471       15.1%         High       N       %         FAST PM2 ELA/Reading L3+       546       21.7%         Algebra 1 - Cycle 2 - L3+       136       14.1%         Geometry - Cycle 2 - L3+       227       24.1%	% of Black students scoring L3+ on FAST PM3 and End-of- Course Exams (EOCs) for ELA and math.	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Academic Rigor and Standards- Based Instruction	2.2) Provide targeted professional development and coaching to teachers and leaders on responsive strategies to increase engagement in rigorous instruction for Black learners and increase the percentage of proficient students.	⊠ Implementing	Both Alg1/Geo (Math) L3+36319.0%# of trainings offered specific to high-yield and responsive strategies.# of teacher attendees.Q2 UPDATE: A new training has been developed based on feedback from teachers and district staff. The new course will be rolled out as for Spring DWT called Excellence for All: Fostering Connection and Academic Engagement. It focuses on Building Relational Capacity, Respecting Student Voices/Experiences, and Holding High Expectations. The # of attendees can be reported as part of the Q3 BTG update.	% of Black students earning A, B and C grades / elementary (Grade 5) % of Black students exiting middle school (rising 9th graders) on track for high school (at least a 2.0 GPA and L2+ FAST PM 3 ELA)	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Academic Rigor and Standards-	2.3) Utilize high-yield instructional strategies in classrooms such as cooperative settings, academic	⊠ Implementing	# of classrooms observed Q2 UPDATE: 1,133 classrooms observed.	% of Black students scoring L3+ on FAST PM3 and End-	□Quarter 1 ☑Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ☑End-of-Year



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
Based Instruction	discussion, oral language, writing, explicit vocabulary instruction and monitoring with feedback to increase the percentage of proficient students.		<ul> <li>% of classrooms across the district demonstrating evidence of monitoring for learning with feedback and % demonstrating student-centered learning in evidence.</li> <li>Q2 UPDATE: 54% / demonstrating evidence of monitoring for learning.</li> <li>63% / demonstrating student-centered learning.</li> </ul>	of-Course Exams (EOCs) for ELA and math.	
Academic Rigor and Standards- Based Instruction	2.4) Utilize culturally responsive strategies in classrooms to hold students accountable and increase student self-confidence to include calling on all students by name (opportunities to respond) and providing specific praise.	⊠ Implementing	<ul> <li># of classrooms observed</li> <li>Q2 UPDATE: 1,133 classrooms observed.</li> <li>% of classrooms across the district demonstrating evidence of students engaging in positive learning environments.</li> <li>Q2 UPDATE: 82% / demonstrating evidence of students engaging in positive learning environments.</li> </ul>	% of Black students scoring L3+ on FAST PM3 and End- of-Course Exams (EOCs) for ELA and math.	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	2.5) Implement Reading Recovery at targeted schools to increase the number of first-grade learners increasing literacy skills.	⊠ Implementing	<ul> <li># and % of Black students being served by Reading Recovery</li> <li>Q2 UPDATE: (19 schools): Bay Point, Bear Creek, Campbell Park, Fairmount Park, Frontier, Gulfport, Highpoint, Lakewood, Maximo, Melrose, Mt. Vernon, Ponce de Leon, Ridgecrest, Sandy Lane, Seventy-Fourth Street, Woodlawn, Pinellas Park and Lealman Ave.</li> <li>146 Black learners received one-on-one support. 1,307 received small group support.</li> </ul>	# of Black students demonstrating increases in foundational reading skills.	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	2.6) Implement the Pinellas Early Literacy Initiative (PELI) in high- need schools to increase teacher capacity and the number of students on track for grade-level reading proficiency by 3rd grade.	⊠ Implementing	# of schools implementing PELI Q2 UPDATE: The Pinellas Early Literacy Initiative (PELI) has been expanded to 18 schools this year, with a continued focus on schools with high minority enrollments and larger achievement gaps.	% of students in PELI schools on track for 3rd-grade proficiency. Black, non-Black gap trends in PELI schools.	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
			# teachers trained in the implementation of evidence-based practices at the targeted schools		
			Q2 UPDATE: 399 teachers trained (This includes VPK-2nd grade classroom teachers and other staff that supports K-2 classrooms). 32 principals and assistant principals in addition.		
Academic Rigor and Standards- Based Instruction	2.7) Implement an accelerated enrichment model for high-need students who are performing at or just below proficiency in reading and pilot the new model in middle schools.	⊠ Implementing	# of schools implementing accelerated enrichment model Q2 UPDATE: 2 schools (Dunedin Middle and Bay Point Middle)	% of Black students in pilot schools on track for ELA proficiency compared to non- pilot schools.	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
			# of Black students taking part Q2 UPDATE: 110 Black students were initially identified to take part (rising 6th graders). Specific student and family supports and a new summer workshop are the next steps.		
Academic Rigor and Standards- Based Instruction	2.8) Implement school-day embedded reading tutors in high-need elementary schools (Read Across Pinellas tutoring) to improve foundational literacy skills.	⊠ Implementing	# targeted elementary schools # of RAP tutors trained, available to schools	# Black students not yet on grade level who receive embedded tutoring.	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 ⊠Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Academic Rigor and Standards- Based nstruction	2.9) Increase the number of Voluntary Prekindergarten (VPK) students who attend full-day Pre-K program in order to increase kindergarten readiness rates.	⊠Implementing	# of schools with full-day, free VPK <b>Q2 UPDATE: All district elementary schools.</b>	<ul><li># Black students served in VPK.</li><li>% of Black students who score KG-ready.</li></ul>	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Academic Rigor and Standards-	2.10) Implement AVID inquiry-based tutoring (e.g., collaborative study groups) in middle and high schools	⊠Implementing	# of middle and high school schools implementing AVID collaborative study groups.	% Black students earning an A, B or C grade in core math	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency	
Based Instruction			Q2 UPDATE: Implementation has not yet begun, though training is underway. High school Biology and US History teachers are being trained to support this initiative in response to the data and specific areas where students have struggled to reach proficiency.	and ELA courses. % of Black students in middle and high schools on track for math and ELA proficiency.	⊠End-of-Year	
Extended Learning	2.11) Ensure that schools with high minority enrollments provide strategically focused time during and after school to support academic interventions and flexible instructional delivery.	⊠ Implementing	<ul> <li># of schools with high minority enrollments (defined as at least 40% Black enrollment)</li> <li>Q2 UPDATE: Development of schoolwide academic intervention and instructional delivery plans at every school.</li> </ul>	# and % of Black students who are not on track by school grade band (elementary, middle, high)	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year	
Family and Community Engagement	2.12) Develop a collaborative teacher- student-family "learning lab" model in select schools that includes ongoing student data review and problem-solving, and that engages families in how the school can better support their child(ren).	⊠Planning	# of schools identified for learning lab model. Q2 UPDATE: Each school has developed a specific intervention model for their Black students and updated their School Improvement Plans accordingly.	# participating schools/parent sessions.	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year	
Family and Community Engagement	2.13) Develop ES to MS transition program for students and families to offer them personalized support on how to access district choice programs and to plan for successful middle school scheduling.	☑Planning	Creation of program, outreach provided to families	<ul> <li># and % of schools</li> <li>providing these</li> <li>programs</li> <li># and % of Black</li> <li>students</li> <li>participating</li> </ul>	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 ⊠Quarter 3 □End-of-Year	
Family and Community Engagement	2.14) Partner with families of high-need students to communicate options for additional home practice in reading and math as a way of increasing student fluency (e.g., DreamBox, IXL Math, Istation).	⊠ Implementing	Communications sent home to families (calls, texts, emails).	<ul> <li># of logins to PCS</li> <li>Connects/Clever to</li> <li>specific reading and</li> <li>math programs</li> <li># and % of Black</li> <li>students participating</li> </ul>	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 ⊠Quarter 3 □End-of-Year	



# **Goal 2: Previous Action Steps and Current Ways of Work**

Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	2.15) Identify and provide additional culturally relevant books, resources and technology to supplement core instruction representing diverse perspectives as a way to increase student engagement.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	2.16) Implement effective intervention strategies based on the close monitoring of students with personalized learning plans.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	2.17) Provide professional development for school leadership teams in using early warning data to help teachers provide immediate support to students in need. Data to include attendance, discipline, course failures, student progression toward graduation and progress assessments.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	<ul> <li>2.18) Implement strategic ELA and mathematics interventions at 23 targeted schools through dedicated ELA and Math staff members (Project 23).</li> <li>Project Discontinued 10/2022 original end date was 05/2023</li> </ul>	⊠Complete
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	2.19) Determine possible causes of disengagement and underachievement by Black students and pilot possible solutions via implementation of School Climate Transformation Grant (SCTG) at five district middle schools.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Extended Learning	2.20) Provide extended learning opportunities before and after school and extended year (Summer Bridge) programs.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Extended Learning	2.21) Provide equitable enrichment opportunities for all students across schools, such as STEM (Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics) Academies, academic competitions, arts opportunities and interest clubs.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	2.22) Ensure teachers have access to real-time data specific to Black students in order to have effective data chats and targeted support for improved learning.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status
Family and	2.23) Ensure Parent University sessions are provided in locations that make attendance convenient for Black families.	⊠Complete
Community		⊠Way of work
Engagement		
Family and	2.24) Empower families by providing parent training that is "linked to student learning" through Parent University sessions and	⊠Complete
Community	school workshops.	⊠Way of work
Engagement		,
Family and	2.25) Provide professional development to schools on parent engagement strategies that are tied to the Dual Capacity	⊠Complete
Community	Framework / Dr. Karen Mapp / Harvard.	⊠Way of work
Engagement		-,
Family and	2.26) Commission an Anti-Racist Curriculum Review Task Force to examine curriculum from an anti-racist perspective and	⊠Complete
Community	implement recommendations from task force for the coming school year(s).	⊠Way of work
Engagement		
Family and	2.27) Establish an online, Open Access Extended Learning Program to support students who need to re-learn key skills and	⊠Complete
Community	standards. Engage parents and community to increase access and usage of new program.	⊠Way of work
Engagement		



# Goal 3: Advanced Coursework- Eliminate the gap in advanced and accelerated participation and performance rates for Black and non-Black students.

Goal Manager: Cassandra Bogatz, Director, Advanced Studies

**Baseline Condition (as of 2015-16):** Pinellas County Schools has a current participation rate for Black students that ranges from 12.8% in high school honors courses to 9.1% in accelerated courses (8.5% in AP courses and 12.3% in Dual Enrollment as examples) and career programs (CAPE enrollment is 17%). Middle school enrollments follow a similar pattern. The total gap for 2015-16 for all secondary students enrolled in advanced or accelerated courses was 5.9 percentage points and that gap widened slightly for 2016-17 to 6.1 points. The gap for enrollment in Gifted was 14.2 percentage points in 2015-16 and that gap improved slightly for 2016-17 to 14.0 points. There is presently no gap in the total enrollment across the district in application programs, though some gaps do exist in specific programs at certain schools. For purposes of this goal, the gap is defined as the difference between Black and non-Black students in the following areas:

- All students identified and enrolled in gifted (participation rates).
- Secondary students enrolled in advanced or accelerated courses (participation and performance rates).
- All students enrolled in district application programs (participation rates).

Aspirational Goal: Pinellas County Schools will increase the percentage of Black students enrolled in gifted, advanced and accelerated courses by an average of 1% each year to meet or exceed the percentage enrollment of Black students (18% in 2015-16) and increase the percentage of Black students earning satisfactory performance standards by an average of .5% each year until that percentage meets or exceeds the district or state average. The district will also maintain or increase its current Black enrollment in district application programs (24.1% Black enrollment in 2015-16) across the district and increase its Black enrollment in specific application programs until they all meet or exceed the percentage enrollment of Black students.

Annual Outcome Measures	Baseline (2015-16)	Plannin (2016	-	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
Grades 6-12: # and % of total Black students in grades 6-12 enrolled in any middle or high	(3,792)	Actual	(3,775) 11.9%	(4,691) 13.7%	(5,269) 14.5%	(5,666) 15.1%	(5,792) 16.3%	(6,908) 17.1%	(7958) 18.2%
school advanced or accelerated course.	12.1%	Target	13%	14%	15%	16%	17%	18%	19%
Related Outcome Measures	Baseline (2015-16)	Plannin (2016	-	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
# and % of Black middle school students enrolled in an advanced.	(1,583) 12.6%	(1,54 12.5		(1,859) 13.3%	(2,253) 14.2%	(2,521) 15.5%	(3,485) 20.1%	(3,350) 20.7%	(3,417) 21.2%



Related Outcome Measures	Baseline (2015-16)	Planning Year (2016-17)	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
# and % of Black middle school students enrolled in an accelerated (high school).	(443) 8.9%	(309) 8.1%	(368) 8.3%	(378) 8.2%	(451) 9.5%	(458) 10.1%	(610) 12.3%	(878) 14.2%
# and % of Black high school students enrolled in an honors course.	(2,052) 12.3%	(2,225) 12.8%	(2,528) 14.9%	(2,656) 15.3%	(2,899) 15.6%	(3,098) 19.6%	(3.072) 16.1%	(4,125) 17.3%
# and % of Black high school students enrolled in an accelerated course (AP, IB, AICE or Dual Enrollment).	(718) 8.6%	(857) 9.1%	(996) 9.6%	(1,020) 9.6%	(1,335) 10.9%	(1,505) 11.5%	(1,892) 11.5%	(2,218) 12.8%
# and % of Black students in high school enrolled in a career, technical education course (high schools).	(2,503) 14.2%	(2,459) 13.8%	(2,555) 13.8%	(2,507) 13.4%	(2,589) 14.0%	(2,448) 13.5%	(2,599) 14.0%	(2,547) 14.3%
# and % of Black students enrolled in district choice / application programs / total across the district.	(1,167) 6.3%	(1,235) 6.8%	(3,830) 18.9%	(4,428) 18.3%	(4,479) 18.4%	(4,362) 18.2%	(4,298) 18.3%	(4,300) 18.6%
% Black middle school students earning high school credit through accelerated coursework. <sup>5</sup>	(663) 3.3%	(509) 2.5%	(604) 3.0%	(408) 8.2%	(484) 9%	(482) 10.3%	(853) 11.9%	(777) 19.7%
% of Black students in high school completing an industry certification (measured as % of Black graduates).	No Baseline data established	Actual 31%	23%	16%	15%	15%	14.2%	15.7%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Data reviewed for data rules and updated in 2020-21 for all previous years to ensure consistency of reporting.



# **Goal 3: Key Action Steps**

Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	3.1) Provide professional development to increase teacher and school leader supports for student success in advanced courses in middle and high school.	□Planning ⊠Implementing	<ul><li># of secondary teachers completing AVID PD:</li><li># and % of students (BNB) taking an advanced course who earned a D or F grade in Q1</li></ul>	# and % of students (BNB) taking an advanced course with a D or F grade in Q1, who earned a grade of C or higher at the end of the year (or semester if not a year-long course)	Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	3.2) Provide professional development to increase teacher supports for student success in accelerated courses in middle or high school.	□Planning ⊠Implementing	<ul> <li># of secondary teachers completing AVID PD:</li> <li># and % of students (BNB) taking an advanced course with teachers participating in PD who earned a D or F grade in Q1</li> </ul>	# and % students (BNB) taking an accelerated course with a D or F grade in Q1, who earned a grade of C or higher at the end of the year (or semester if not a year- long course)	⊠Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 □End-of-Year
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	3.3) Provide Talent Development teachers with ongoing professional development for implementing curriculum and provide schools with annual support in identifying a representative group of students for participation in their Talent Development Program.	⊠ Planning ⊠Implementing	<ul><li># of teachers completing PD Q1</li><li># and % of schools who met representation goal Q3</li></ul>	Districtwide demographics of Talent Development Group Q4	⊠Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 ⊠Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	3.4) Provide professional development to increase teacher supports for student success for gifted and talented learners.	□Planning ⊠Implementing	<ul> <li># of gifted teachers who completed gifted micro- credential.</li> <li># of talented program teachers who completed gifted certification and/or micro-credential</li> </ul>	# and % of Black gifted learners earning a L4/5 on FAST.	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
			Q2 UPDATE: 39 - # of gifted teachers who completed gifted micro-credential. 73 - # of talented program teachers who completed gifted certification and/or micro-credential 1,093 - # total of all PCS teachers who have completed the Gifted micro-credential 1,073 - # total of all PCS teachers who have completed at least one class in the Gifted micro- credential		
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	3.5) Implement strategies that support increased student success on College Board readiness assessments (PSAT/SAT).	⊠Planning ⊠Implementing	Development of curriculum guides that embed strategies in high school English and Math classes. # of assessment preparation opportunities/programs for SAT preparation (e.g., Albert IO, Canvas, etc.): Q2 UPDATE: Seven assessment preparation opportunities. Current SAT preparation programs include: Albert IO, Elevating Excellence Parent Sessions, IXL, Kahn	Black student performance on PSAT and SAT suite of assessment, as reported by College Board End-of- Year reports. Note: Official reports are generally issued in the fall of each year.	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
			Academy, Bluebook Application, and individual school boot camps		
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	<ul> <li>3.6) Develop system to provide direct and targeted strategies for students in need of support to be successful in advanced/accelerated courses (e.g., AVID elective, extended learning program, tutoring, etc.)</li> </ul>	□Planning ⊠Implementing	# and % of students (BNB) enrolled in an ADV/ACC course (D or F grade) who are also enrolled in an AVID elective course.	# and % of students (BNB) enrolled in an ADV/ACC course (A, B, C grades) who are also enrolled in an AVID elective course.	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 ⊠Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	3.7) Leverage the College and Career Centers at each high school, provide information sessions for students and families in high school who demonstrate potential for success in rigorous courses and are not accessing such courses to provide more individualized academics.	□Planning ⊠Implementing	<ul> <li># of Black Elevating</li> <li>Excellence students</li> <li>visiting College and Career</li> <li>Centers.</li> <li>Q2 UPDATE:</li> <li>155 Black Elevating</li> <li>Excellence students</li> <li>visiting the College and</li> <li>Career Centers</li> </ul>	Increased enrollment in rigorous courses among targeted students	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	3.8) Refine tools provided to school principals with real- time academic data (e.g., grades) specific to Black students in accelerated courses. Provide a summary report of accelerated courses and sections that Black students are struggling in so as to support teacher growth and creative solutions at the school site.	⊠Planning □Implementing	Frequency of data updates provided to school leaders # and % of principals who report the extent to which the provided data and reports have led to actionable insights, changes in teaching strategies and collaborative efforts among educators to address the identified challenges. [Survey]	# and % of Black students with improved grades in the identified struggling sections from Q1 to S1 or EOY	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Extended Learning	3.9) Recruit Black students who show potential for success in rigorous courses to participate in each	□Planning ⊠Implementing	# of Black students enrolled to participate in	# of Black students who participated in Elevating	□Quarter 1



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
	Elevating Excellence activity for their grade level or college planning boot camps hosted by the Minority Achievement Officer.		Elevating Excellence and/or college boot camps.	Excellence Summer Seminars # of Black students who participated in Elevating Excellence SAT prep experiences # of Black students who engaged with a College and Career Center # of Black students who participated in a college boot camp	□Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	3.10) Implement universal screening for gifted identification for all students before 2nd grade across all district elementary schools.	□Planning ⊠Implementing	# and % of Black students screened	# and % of Black students identified as gifted	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 ⊠Quarter 3 □End-of-Year
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	3.11) Implement Plan B eligibility measures and related processes in support of a wider identification of students for gifted services.	□Planning ⊠Implementing	# and % of Black students identified via Plan B compared to non-Black students	# and % of Black students identified as gifted	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 ⊠Quarter 3 □End-of-Year
Extended Learning	3.12) Identify and invite the top 15% of Black students in 7th grade to take the SAT and participate in the PCS Talent Identification Program (TIP).	□Planning ⊠Implementing	# of Black students identified for TIP	% of Black students who participated in TIP in- school administration of SAT	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year



# **Goal 3: Previous Action Steps and Current Ways of Work**

Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	3.13) Embed college readiness assessment preparation (e.g., district developed, SATpractice.org, Albert IO, etc.) into English 1, 2 and 3 classes across all district high schools.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	3.14) Ensure equitable access for Black students to onsite, college readiness testing in every high school (PSAT, ACT, SAT).	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	3.15) Provide the accelerated component report, related talking points and an Acceleration Plan template to principals and counselors to be used in individual meetings with Black students who have not yet successfully completed an accelerated option.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Family and Community Engagement	3.16) Ensure that each high school hosts an awareness event for high school parents to detail the SAT Suite of Assessments, the official SATpractice.org provided through Khan Academy and the scholarship opportunities connected to PSAT results.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Family and Community Engagement	3.17) Ensure an equitable representation of Black learners in Advanced Studies recognition ceremonies (such as PRIDE, AVID Pinning and the Honors Breakfast).	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	3.18) Refine the identification process and curriculum of talent-development programs to support "talented" students in elementary schools that have low numbers of gifted-identified students.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	3.19) Provide training to all school counselors, principals and assistant principals for curriculum in the use of data from the SAT Suite of Assessments to support students in selecting and enrolling in the appropriate accelerated course option that matches their strengths.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	3.20) Provide side-by-side coaching as needed to assistant principals and principals on how to support their school counselors in using their SAT Suite of Assessments data and academic data disaggregated by race to identify Black students who could take more rigorous classes.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Family and Community Engagement	3.21) Initiate an outreach campaign to gather information and feedback from families of Black students regarding experiences in advanced/accelerated courses to better inform supports and strategies.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	3.22) Provide AVID elective in all schools to meet the needs of minority learners. Ensure that all Black learners who are eligible and targeted for AVID elective are personally invited and encouraged to enroll.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	3.23) Provide open access to advanced and accelerated courses in middle and high school by removing barriers to enrollment and utilizing entry criteria only if mandated by colleges and agencies (e.g., Dual Enrollment- DE).	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work



# Goal 4: Student Discipline- Reduce the total number of disciplinary infractions (referrals) and suspensions for Black students and decrease the disparity in referrals and suspensions for Black students to reach a level that is representative of the Black student population.

Goal Manager: Michael Vigue, Area Superintendent, Area 1

**Baseline Condition (as of 2015-16):** Pinellas County Schools has reduced its number of referrals (a decrease of 30.3%) and out-of-school suspensions (a decrease of 56.7%) for Black students significantly since 2013-14, though the district has not reduced the disparity gap as the number and percentage of referrals and suspensions for non-Black students has decreased at a similar rate. The gap has remained somewhat constant. The gap is typically represented by a "risk ratio" and that number is just over 2.0 for referrals and 4.0 for out-of-school suspensions, which means that Black students remain about two times more likely to receive a referral and four times more likely to receive an out-of-school suspension.

Aspirational Goal: Pinellas County Schools will decrease the number of referrals and suspensions given to Black students until it meets or is less than the percentage enrollment of Black students (18% in 2015-16) and until the risk ratio is at or near 1.0. The district will closely monitor its out-of-school suspensions given to Black students with a goal of decreasing its disparity rate by one-third (.33) each year.

Annual Outcome Measures	Baseline (2015-16)	Plannin (2016	-	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20 <sup>6</sup>	2020-21 <sup>7</sup>	2021-22	2022-23
Discipline Disparity Rate (Risk Ratio)	2.20	Actual	2.64	2.43	2.60	2.64	2.66	2.25	2.77
Referrals of Black students	2.38	Target	2.30	2.20	2.10	2.00	1.90	1.80	1.90
Discipline Disparity Rate (Risk Ratio)	4.22	Actual	4.07	3.61	3.79	4.34	4.80	4.0	3.94
Out-of-School Suspensions of Black students	4.33	Target	4.00	3.70	3.40	3.10	2.80	2.50	2.20
Related Outcome Measures	Baseline (2015-16)	Plannin (2016	-	2017-18	2018-19	<b>2019-20</b> <sup>4</sup>	<b>2020-21</b> <sup>5</sup>	2021-22	2022-23
# and % of Black students with an office disciplinary referral	(7,009) <b>35.7%</b> of all referrals	Actual	(6,919) 38.0%	(6,867) 37.6%	(6,548) 38.3%	(5,343) 38.5%	(3,482) 38.9%	(4,941) 36.9%	(5,156) 39.1%
# and % of Black students with an out-of-school suspension (OSS)	(2,918) <b>49.5%</b> of all OSS	Actual	(2,374) 48.5%	(2,625) 47.2%	(2,481) 47.6%	(1,790) 50.7%	(1,156) 53.4%	(2,156) 49%	(2408) 49.7%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Data in the 2020-21 school year is impacted by enrollment shifts which occurred in Learning Options (in-person, MyPCS Online and Pinellas Virtual School) throughout the school year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> In the 2019-20 school year, all instruction went remote for the final quarter of the school year due to COVID-19.

# **Goal 4: Key Action Steps**

Area of Focus	Action Steps	Progress and Outcome Measure(s)	Reporting Frequency
Tier 1- Schoolwide Practices	<ul> <li>4.1) Ensure all schools implement a schoolwide behavior plan that integrates all the critical components of PBIS (schoolwide expectations / rules, guidelines for success, plan for teaching pro-social / appropriate student behavior and positive reinforcement for behavior).</li> <li>Results of fidelity implementation tools are reviewed throughout the year, decisions for summer-specific professional development opportunities utilize all three measures. PBIS efforts are addressed by Area Superintendents/Chief and climate/behavior team throughout the year.</li> </ul>	% of schools demonstrating satisfactory implementation of PBIS as measured by the PIC (fall), TFI-RP walkthrough (spring), and PCS Stakeholder survey (winter)	□ Quarter 1 □ Quarter 2 □ Quarter 3 ⊠ End-of-Year
Tier 2- Targeted Interventions and Disciplinary Alternatives	4.2) Area Superintendents/Chiefs, and climate/behavior teams meet bimonthly to review district and school-level referral and OSS data to determine and design support for schools with the highest need.	# and % of discipline instances (referrals and out-of-school suspensions) issuedto students (BNB)SY2023-24 Q2 ReferralsN%Q2 UPDATE:Black482844.7%NonBlack596555.3%SY2023-24 Q2 OSSN%Black113754.9%NonBlack93445.1%	<ul> <li>☑ Quarter 1</li> <li>☑ Quarter 2</li> <li>☑ Quarter 3</li> <li>☑ End-of-Year</li> </ul>
Tier 1- Schoolwide Practices	4.3) Utilize discipline actions assigned to classroom disruption, not cooperating and defiance infractions. Use data to work with school leadership teams to reduce the variance of actions assigned and to reduce gaps between	<ul> <li># and % of referrals (classroom disruption, not cooperating and defiance) issued to students (BNB)</li> <li># and % of resultant actions for referrals (classroom disruption, not cooperating and defiance) issued to students (BNB)</li> </ul>	⊠ Quarter 1 ⊠ Quarter 2 ⊠ Quarter 3 ⊠ End-of-Year



Area of Focus	Action Steps		Progress and	Outcome M	leasure(s)	Reporting Frequency
	Black and non-Black students within and across schools. Area Superintendents/Chiefs will regularly review the accuracy of discipline coding with schools.	Q2 UPDATE:	N All Behavioral Black NonBlack	% Referrals 1797 1949	48.0% 52.0%	
			N Non-Exclusion Black NonBlack	% ary Resulta 416 505		
			N Detentions/Wo Black NonBlack	% ork Detail/ 178 360	Saturday School 33.1% 66.9%	
			N ISS Black NonBlack	633 607		
			N OSS Black NonBlack	333 208		
			N Exclusionary R Black	%		
			NonBlack	815	45.8%	



Area of Focus	Action Steps		Progress and	Outcome Measure	e(s)	Reporting Frequency
Tier 1- Schoolwide Practices	4.4) Annually train all School-Based Resource Officers (SROs) and school-based administrators to ensure full implementation of the Collaborative Interagency Agreement regarding student misconduct, student interviews and student arrests that is designed to decrease arrests in favor of school consequences.	# of arrests disa	ggregated by race a			□ Quarter 1 ⊠ Quarter 2 □ Quarter 3 ⊠ End-of-Year
			Asian	Female	0	
			Asian	Male	1	
			Black	Female	63	
			Black	Male	91	
			Hispanic	Female	4	
			Hispanic	Male	2	
		Q2 UPDATE:	White	Female	10	
			White TOTAL	Male	32 203	
Tier 1- Schoolwide Practices	4.5) Facilitate restorative practice training designed to increase the use of restorative practices as an alternative to other discipline referral actions.		nces of restorative p als issued to student Black NonBlack		he resultant action for ed to previous year % 227 0.513575 215 0.486425	⊠ Quarter 1 ⊠ Quarter 2 ⊠ Quarter 3 ⊠ End-of-Year
Tier 1- Schoolwide	4.6) Continue collaborative discussions with the Community Discipline Committee to garner	# of Community	Discipline meetings	facilitated and con	npleted	□ Quarter 1 ⊠ Quarter 2
Practices	support and feedback to improve and/or reduce	Q2 UPDATE:				Quarter 2
	discipline disparity practices.	Community disc	-		ated and completed on ns this year, scheduled	⊠ End-of-Year



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Progress and Outcome Measure(s)	Reporting Frequency
Tier 2- Targeted Interventions and Disciplinary Alternatives	4.7) Area Superintendents/Chiefs and climate/behavior teams use a discipline analysis process to identify schools and provide appropriate support and training.	# of behavioral-related support requests and # of follow-up requests separated for each level of impact (individual student, individual teacher, or school-wide) <i>Q2 UPDATE</i> : <i>Total Staff Requests in Q2: 68 (MTSS 22, CST 28, and Behavior 18)</i> <i>Total School Requests in Q2: 176 (MTSS 4, CST 57, and Behavior 115)</i>	⊠ Quarter 1 ⊠ Quarter 2 ⊠ Quarter 3 ⊠ End-of-Year
Tier 3- Individualized Support	4.8) Implement a refined reintegration process with a minimum set of components for all students returning from an OSS.	# and % of students (BNB) with multiple OSS as compared to the previous year Q2 UPDATE: Black 174 61.9% NonBlack 107 38.1%	⊠ Quarter 1 ⊠ Quarter 2 ⊠ Quarter 3 ⊠ End-of-Year
Tier 3- Individualized Support	4.9) Continue PCS School Climate Project through the integration of responsive and empathic practices into existing MTSS and PBIS systems.	# and % of students in participating schools (BPMS, DHMS, OGMS, PPMS, TMS) receiving referral and OSS as compared to non-SCTG schools proportionate to total student populations	□ Quarter 1 ☑ Quarter 2 □ Quarter 3 ☑ End-of-Year



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Progress and Outcome M	leasure(	s)		Reporting Frequency
		Q2 UPDATE:				
		SY2023-24 SCTG MS Referrals	N	%		
		Black		252	49.9%	
		NonBlack	_	253	50.1%	
		SY2023-24 SCTG MS OSS	N	%		
		Black		57	45.6%	
		NonBlack	_	68	54.4%	
		SY2023-24 Comparison MS Referrals	N	%		
		Black		412	54.2%	
		NonBlack	_	348	45.8%	
		SY2023-24 Comparison MS OSS	N	%		
		Black		133	59.6%	
		NonBlack		90	40.4%	
Tier 3- Individualized Support	4.10) Provide differentiated supports to school-based teams on the use of interventions as a tiered support for Black students.	# of students (BNB) with more than one referral schools or more than five referrals per quarter in				<ul> <li>☑ Quarter 1</li> <li>☑ Quarter 2</li> <li>☑ Quarter 3</li> <li>☑ End-of-Year</li> </ul>



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Progress and Outcome Measure(s)	Reporting Frequency
Tier 3- Individualized Support	<ul> <li>4.11) Utilize multiple data points to select schools to participate in a PBIS reboot training each summer.</li> <li>Results of fidelity implementation tools are reviewed throughout the year; decisions for</li> </ul>	Q2 UPDATE:         Q2 Elementary Students with 2+ Referra N       %         Black       175       56.5%         NonBlack       135       43.5%         Q2 MS Students with 6+ Referrals       N       %         Black       108       44.6%         NonBlack       134       55.4%         Q2 HS with 6+ Referrals       N       %         Black       134       55.4%         Q2 HS with 6+ Referrals       N       %         Black       83       54.2%         NonBlack       70       45.8%         # of schools identified to participate in summer PBIS reboot       #         # and % of referrals and OSS (BNB) at PBIS reboot schools          Q2 UPDATE:	□ Quarter 1 ⊠ Quarter 2 □ Quarter 3 ⊠ End-of-Year
	summer-specific professional development opportunities utilize all three measures. PBIS efforts are addressed by Area Superintendents/Chiefs and climate/behavior team throughout the year.	PBIS Reboot School ReferralsN%Black365452.1%NonBlack336147.9%PBIS Reboot School OSSNBlack86559.3%NonBlack59440.7%	



# Goal 4: Previous Action Steps and Current Ways of Work

Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status
Tier 1- Schoolwide Practices	4.15) Develop a Restorative Practices Whole-School Implementation Guide for schools that is rooted in evidence- based practices and implementation science.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Tier 2- Targeted Interventions and Disciplinary Alternatives	4.16) Continue offering an Alternative Placement Program (APP) in middle and high schools as an alternative setting for students to serve a suspension, staffed by certified teachers and counselors.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Tier 2- Targeted Interventions and Disciplinary Alternatives	4.17) Develop and implement a uniform framework for schools utilizing the Alternative Bell Schedule (ABS or ABC) as an after-school alternative to suspension in order to maximize learning.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Tier 2- Targeted Interventions and Disciplinary Alternatives	4.18) Develop and implement an In-School Suspension (ISS) model that includes a uniform framework and maximizes learning.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Tier 2- Targeted Interventions and Disciplinary Alternatives	4.19) Ensure that Area Superintendents/Chiefs continue to participate in the Rethink Discipline district webinars and/or related national, professional development opportunities.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Tier 3- Individualized Support	4.20) Closely monitor district policy that no more than 10 days of Out-of-School Suspension (OSS) are given for one semester for regular education students and no more than 10 days is given for the entire year for ESE students.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Tier 3- Individualized Support	4.21) Ensure the procedure is followed so that no elementary students are suspended without consulting with Area Superintendents/Chiefs.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Tier 3- Individualized Support	4.22) Ensure the procedure is followed that no more than 3 days of In-School Suspension (ISS) or OSS is given for any one infraction without approval from Area Superintendents/Chiefs.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Tier 1- Schoolwide Practices	4.23) Closely monitor school discipline data to eliminate Out-of-School Suspension (OSS) for non-violent infractions, such as skipping class/school, missed detentions, excessive tardies, electronic devices, leaving school grounds w/o permission or being in an unauthorized location.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work


# Goal 5: ESE Identification- Reduce the disparity of Black students being found eligible for Exceptional Student Education (ESE).

Goal Manager: Lynne Mowatt, Executive Director, Exceptional Student Education

**Baseline Condition (as of 2015-16):** Pinellas County Schools percentage of overall placements for Exceptional Student Education (ESE) is 14%. However, disproportionate representation of racial and ethnic groups in specific disability categories exist; specifically, the number of Black students identified for placement (25%) is not representative of the Black student population at PCS and remains disparate from the number of non-Black students identified. The disproportionality of Black and non-Black students is represented by risk ratios. The disproportionate representation is largely found within the Emotional Behavioral Disability (EBD) designation. The risk ratio for overall placement in ESE in the 2015-16 school year was 1.45, which means that Black students were nearly one and a half times as likely to be identified as an ESE student than non-Black students. The risk ratio for EBD eligibility in the 2015-16 school year was 4.20, which means that Black students were four times more likely to be referred for EBD services than non-Black students.

Aspirational Goal: Pinellas County Schools will reduce all ESE eligibilities for Black students each year until it meets a risk ratio that is at or near 1.0. The district will closely monitor its placements for EBD until the percentage meets or is less than the percentage enrollment of Black students (18% in 2015-16) and the risk ratio drops each year by one-quarter (.25) until the ratio is at or near 1.0.

Annual Outcome Measures	Baseline (2015-16)	Plannin (2016	-	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
Risk Ratio (ESE overall) / Black		Actual	1.45	1.46	1.40	1.43	1.43	1.44	1.48
Nisk Ratio (LSE Overall) / Black	1.45	Target	1.45	1.40	1.35	1.30	1.25	1.20	1.15
Dick Datio (CDD) / Dicek	4.20	Actual	3.94	3.84	3.34	3.50	3.64	3.37	3.43
Risk Ratio (EBD) / Black	4.20	Target	3.95	3.70	3.45	3.20	2.95	2.7	2.45
Related Outcomes Measures	Baseline (2015-16)	Plannin (2016	-	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
# and % of Black students eligible for ESE services	(3,618) <b>25%</b>	Actual	(3,371) 25%	(3,947) 23%	(3,945) 25%	(4,033) 25%	(4,000) 26%	(4,052) 25%	(4,442) 30.5%
# and % of Black students eligible for Emotional Behavioral Disability (EBD) identification / Total	(427) <b>49%</b>	Actual	(335) 49%	(363) 48%	(300) 46%	(255) 46%	(219) 47%	(187) 44%	(139) 50.2%

#### **Annual and Related Outcome Measures**



Annual Outcome Measures	Baseline (2015-16)	Plannin (2016	-	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
<ul> <li># and % of Black students found eligible</li> <li>for Emotional Behavioral Disability (EBD)</li> <li>identification / Identified in Pinellas</li> </ul>	(20) <b>47%</b>	Actual	(14) 50%	(14) 52%	(19) 29%	(5) 29%	(5) 24%	(3) 15.8%	(16) 57.1%
# and % of Black students found eligible for Emotional Behavioral Disability (EBD) identification / Transfers into County	(24) <b>42%</b>	Actual	(17) 30%	(13) 39%	(9) 35%	(7) 23%	(3) 33%	(9) 32%	(5) 29.4%



## Goal 5: Key Action Steps

Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
ESE Eligibility Determination	5.1) Appropriately and efficiently identify and evaluate students who may be in need of special education and related services in support of their learning and academic achievement.	□Planning ⊠Implementing	# of students identified and evaluated	# and % of students (BNB) found eligible for ESE services	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 ⊠Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
ESE Eligibility Determination	5.2) Initiate a records review by the district ESE Department for transfer students who arrive as new students to PCS with an EBD eligibility. Students will receive current IEP services during the time they are being re-evaluated.	□Planning ⊠Implementing	<ul> <li># of record reviews completed for Black students who transferred into Pinellas County</li> <li># of Black transfer students identified for EBD re- evaluation process</li> <li># of re-evaluations completed for EBD transfer students / Black</li> <li># of Black transfer students identified for EBD after re- evaluation process</li> <li>Q2 UPDATE:</li> <li># Record Review for Black Transfers – 3</li> <li># Identified for Re-eval – 0</li> <li># of reevaluations for EBD transfer students Black – 2</li> <li># of Black transfer students identified for EBD after Re- eval process - 0</li> </ul>	# of Black students transferred into Pinellas County identified as EBD	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
ESE Eligibility	5.3) Provide intensive and intentional	□Planning	# of school support requests	# of Black students receiving	□Quarter 1
Determination	early intervening services, using direct resources, to students prior	⊠Implementing	for early intervening services	early intervening support	⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
	to being identified as having an Emotional Behavioral Disability (EBD), using School Support Requests (SSRs) for behavior.		for students under consideration for EBD (BNB) <b>Q2 UPDATE:</b> <b>1 Black/0 non-Black</b>	# of new EBD eligibilities Identified by PCS (BNB)	
ESE Eligibility Determination	5.4) Initiate a records review through the Exceptional Student Education (ESE) department and re-evaluation if needed for all Black students who are designated as EBD during their fourth and seventh-grade years. Additionally, the ESE department will identify students with multiple eligibilities (including EBD) and initiate a records review when applicable.	□Planning ⊠Implementing	<ul> <li># of Black students identified as EBD in grades 4 and 7</li> <li># of record reviews initiated</li> <li>Q2 UPDATE: 2 Records Reviewed</li> </ul>	<ul><li># of EBD dismissals for Black students</li><li># of transfers of EBD to a secondary disability for Black students.</li></ul>	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Early Warning Systems, Comprehensive Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CCEIS)	5.5) Continue to provide Comprehensive Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CCEIS), including a school behavior technician (for schools without a behavior specialist) onsite at least one day per week, to support students in grades K-12 who are not currently identified as needing special education or related services, but who need additional academic and/or behavioral supports to succeed in school.	⊠Implementing	# of Black students identified Q2 UPDATE: 44 Black students identified	% of those identified receiving CCEIS support	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Early Warning Systems, Comprehensive Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CCEIS)	5.6) Use School Support Requests (SSRs) to determine the success of CCEIS interventions.	□Planning ⊠Implementing	# of SSR Referrals for evaluation Q2 UPDATE: 2 referrals for evaluation were Black	# of Black students determined eligible for ESE/EBD	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
Early Warning Systems, Comprehensive Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CCEIS)	5.7) Align resources in the Climate and Behavior teams to focus on Tier 1 behavioral interventions in high minority schools	⊠Planning	<ul> <li># of school visits per quarter</li> <li># of targeted classroom visits per quarter</li> <li>Q2 UPDATE: a total of 187 visits.</li> <li>Quarter 1: 62</li> <li>Quarter 2: 125</li> </ul>	# of Black students determined eligible for ESE/EBD	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Early Warning Systems, Comprehensive Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CCEIS)	5.8) Assign district Board Certified Behavior Analysts to provide intensive support to ESE students and staff in all schools.	□Planning ⊠Implementing	# of Board-Certified Behavior Analysts <b>Q2 UPDATE:</b> 4	# of Black students served by Board-Certified Behavioral Analysts	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Early Warning Systems, Comprehensive Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CCEIS)	5.9) Continue to provide targeted and sustainable professional development to school-based behavior specialists that includes the utilization of student-specific data and interventions (including cultural components) in each student's positive behavior intervention plan (PBIP), along with side-by-side coaching from district behavior specialists.	□Planning ⊠Implementing	# and % of behavior specialists trained <b>Q2 UPDATE:</b> <b>89 (100%)</b>	# of Black students served by school-based specialists	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Early Warning Systems, Comprehensive Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CCEIS)	5.10) Provide professional learning opportunities so that school-based Behavior Specialists engage in coursework to become Board- Certified Assistant Behavior Analysts (BCaBA).	⊠Planning	Narrative of professional development opportunities and process for certification Q2 UPDATE: Professional learning opportunities for BCaBA; Five staff receiving BCBA supervision.	# of school-based behavior specialists enrolled	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year



### Goal 5: Previous Action Steps and Current Ways of Work

As the BTG plan progresses, action steps are completed or become ways of work within Pinellas County Schools. To accurately and historically document strategies and actions of the district, actions in previous years of the BTG plan will continue to be included and, in some cases, reported on.

Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status
Early Warning Systems, Comprehensive Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CCEIS)	5.11) Provide two district behavior specialists to focus on Tier 1 behavioral interventions in high minority schools.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Early Warning Systems, Comprehensive Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CCEIS)	5.12) Use School Support Requests (SSRs) to track intensive student-level intervention needs against ESE/EBD eligibility determinations.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work



## Goal 6: Minority Hiring- Increase the number of Black teachers and administrators to closely mirror the student enrollment by ethnicity.

Goal Manager: Paula Texel, Chief Human Resources Officer

**Baseline Condition (as of 2015-16):** Pinellas County Schools employs nearly 7,500 teachers, of which approximately 8% are Black. The percentage breakdown of administrators in the district is about 22% Black. For purposes of this goal, the gap is defined as the difference between the number of instructional staff who are Black compared to the population of Black students (which in 2015-16 was 18%). The percentage of Black instructional staff members in 2015-16 was 8.3%, a gap of 9.7 percentage points.

Aspirational Goal: Pinellas County Schools will increase its number of Black teachers by an average of 1% each year until it meets or exceeds the percentage enrollment of Black students (which was 18% in 2015-16) and maintain its current rate of administrative hires to ensure that it meets or exceeds the student enrollment by race.

Annual Outcome Measures	Baseline (2015/16)		ng Year .6-17)	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
	(622)	Actual	(647) 8.8%	(671) 9.2%	(651) 9.1%	(665) 9.2%	(674) 9.5%	(668) 8.6%	(645) 9.45%
# and % of total instructional positions / Black	8.3%	Target	9%	10%	11%	12%	13%	14%	15%
Related Outcomes Measures	Baseline (2015/16)		ng Year .6-17)	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
# and % of new instructional hires / Black	No baseline	Actual	11.7%	(110/737) 14.9%	(88/664) 13.3%	(43/450) 9.6%	(56/452) 12.4%	(80/1,036 7.7%	(75/808) 9.28%
# and % of total administrative positions (combined district-based and school-based) / Black	(83) <b>21.2%</b>	Actual	(86) 21.5%	(87) 22.0%	(91) 20.6%	(85) 20.3%	(79) 19.3%	(80) 17.02%	(78) 19.21%

#### **Annual and Related Outcome Measures**



## Goal 6: Key Action Steps

Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
Recruitment	6.1) Continue strong partnerships with the state and national colleges and universities including HBCUs (historically Black colleges and universities) and Black Student Organizations to enhance teacher preparation programs to support engaging intern programs and recruit and hire qualified instructional applicants.	⊠ Implementing	<ul> <li># partnerships, site visits, meetings, etc.</li> <li># of HBCUs visited/virtual events attended</li> <li># of Black student organizations visited/virtual events attended</li> <li>Q2 UPDATE:</li> <li>2 community events- scheduled in October and November. 12 attended- 1 hired.</li> <li>2 Meet the Recruiter events- 2 held-October/November- 18 total attendees. 1 Black. Diversity in Ed Fair attended- 200+ attendees- 5 interests- follow-ups made.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li># of highly qualified Black teachers hired each year</li> <li># of Black interns engaged each year</li> </ul>	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of- Year
Recruitment	6.2) Conduct and attend ongoing recruitment events in support of broadening the talent pool, including providing additional information and support for career changers interested in pathways to an instructional position.	⊠ Implementing	# of recruitment events Q2 UPDATE: 3 total events.	# of candidates hired from recruitment events	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of- Year
Recruitment	6.3) Continue the EdRising Program, a	⊠ Implementing	# of schools participating	# of students participating (BNB)	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
	national program that offers dual enrollment opportunities to work with high schools and staff for students interested in the education profession.				□Quarter 3 ⊠End-of- Year
Recruitment	6.4) Review traffic and usage patterns from the platforms used as part of the district's marketing campaign designed to attract Black applicants via publications and social media (e.g., Diversity in Ed, National Minority Update, LinkedIn Instagram, Facebook, etc.)	⊠ Implementing	<ul> <li># of instructional recruitment posts</li> <li># of instructional recruitment posts to minority organizations</li> <li># of instructional recruitment events</li> </ul>	<ul> <li># of total active instructional Black applicants</li> <li># and % of black applicants hired</li> </ul>	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of- Year
Recruitment/ Retention	6.5) Collaborate with PABSE (Pinellas Alliance of Black School Educators) and community stakeholder groups to support Black teachers through monthly or quarterly activities providing relationship and skill- building opportunities.	⊠ Implementing	<ul> <li># of events conducted, Attendance records from each activity</li> <li>Percentage of Black teachers attending monthly/quarterly activities</li> <li>Q2 UPDATE: PABSE events- 3 mtgs</li> <li>11 in attendance in October</li> <li>13 in November</li> <li>18 in December- all still retained by PCS</li> </ul>	% of Black teachers retained	□Quarter 1 ☑Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ☑End-of- Year



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
Recruitment	6.6) Collaborate with USF to grow the Call Me	⊠ Implementing	# of CMM events with USF	# of cohorts	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2
	Mister (CMM) program and		# of CMM recruitment events	# of participants	□Quarter 3 ⊠End-of- Year
	identify/recruit Black		Q2 UPDATE:		
	males to become part of future		The CMM program is included in high school presentations to PCS students. Visited 8 schools in		
	cohorts.		October and November through AVID / Excel.		
	conorts.		Touched/attended 493 students, 39 students are now		
			interested in education and continued follow-up. USF		
			was unable to attend events, but 4 names have been		
			provided for them to contact regarding the CMM		
			program.		
Retention	6.7) Hold employee		Attendance records from each employee resource	Retention rate of	□Quarter 1
	resource group ⊠ meetings to bring		group meeting	Black teachers who are active	⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3
	together Black		Average attendance rate of Black teachers at employee	participants in ERG	⊠End-of-Year
	teachers for support outside the school		resource group meetings	meetings	
	setting.		Q2 UPDATE:		
			3 events- average attendance 14- no additional events		
			to add outside of PABSE events.		
Retention	6.8) Continue monthly leadership	⊠ Implementing	# of events conducted	# and % of first- year Black	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2
	trainings/mentoring		# of attendees at each event	administrators	□Quarter 3
	for new Black			rated Effective or	□End-of- Year
	administrators to		Q2 UPDATE:	Highly Effective	real
	support their		5 newly appointed Black assistant principals in the	(Summative	
	growth and		program- received six trainings during the first year.	Rating)	
	development in the		Additionally, they have mentors assigned and have		
	first year of the		met at least one time per month with their mentor.		
	administrative role.				



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)			Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency	
Retention	6.9) Provide recruitment and retention	⊠ Implementing	# of teachers receiving bor <i>Q2 UPDATE:</i>	# of teachers receiving bonus, by school (prior SY) (BNB) Q2 UPDATE:				
	bonuses in the		Overall Received Bonus N %			who were retained	□Quarter 3 □End-of-	
	district-identified		SY2022-23	649		at the identified	Year	
	schools (Tiers 3 and		Black Teachers	130	20.0%	schools (current		
	4) to attract and retain highly		NonBlack Teachers	519	80.0%	SY) (BNB)		
	effective teachers.		Retained SY23-24	394	60.7%			
			Black Teachers	84	64.6%			
			NonBlack Teachers	310	59.7%			
Development	in regularly scheduled leadership activities and events that will build their leadership portfolio and support their advancement as part of the leadership development pipeline.	Implementing	# of participants attending Q2 UPDATE: October: BFL Opening Even January: BFL Professional January: BFL Leadership B going event through April,	nt - 20 attendee Learning: 31 att ook Study: 14 a	rendees	# and % of Black leaders	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of- Year	
Hiring/Recruiting	6.11) Complete an internal, semi- annual review of the practices and processes around the recruiting and hiring of minority teachers to determine areas of strength and areas for improvement within the district's Human Resources Department.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work	Annual report of findings.	nual report of findings.		<ul><li># of total active Black instructional applicants</li><li># and % of Black applicants hired</li></ul>	⊠End-of- Year	



### Goal 6: Previous Action Steps and Current Ways of Work

As the BTG plan progresses, action steps are completed or become ways of work within Pinellas County Schools. In order to accurately and historically document strategies and actions of the district, actions in previous years of the BTG plan will continue to be included and, in some cases, reported on.

Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status
Hiring/Recruiting	6.12) Attend webinars, virtual meetings, and state and/or national conferences to gather current strategies for the recruitment of Black educators.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Leadership Development	6.13) Research strategies and best practices for advancing Black school leaders into school and district leadership positions.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Hiring/Recruiting	6.14) Promote alternative certification options to increase the number of applicants from businesses and industries who are considering teaching as a second career.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Hiring/Recruiting	6.15) Review the district's current data management system to ensure that it has the capacity to support the strategies and processes presented in this plan.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Hiring/Recruiting	6.16) Create a new Teacher Cadet program at all PCS high schools. Work alongside local colleges to provide high school students and current staff employees with a pathway to careers in teaching.	□Complete □Way of work ⊠Rewritten to align with strategy in place for EdRising (see new 6.3)
Hiring/Recruiting	6.17) Continue to employ a minority recruitment specialist to focus on recruiting a highly qualified, diverse workforce.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Hiring/Recruiting	6.18) Refine and update annually a recruitment plan specific to attracting Black applicants to be used by hiring managers in the district.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Hiring/Recruiting	6.19) Partner with the Urban Schools Human Capital Academy to provide feedback to the district regarding processes for hiring and supporting a more diverse workforce.	⊠Complete □Way of work
Hiring/Recruiting	6.20) Complete an internal, semi-annual process to review the quality of and retention of teachers in critical shortage areas to determine areas of strength and areas for improvement and complete a school-by-school analysis to ensure an adequate distribution of minority teachers across the district.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Hiring/Recruiting	6.21) Develop and implement a training plan for all hiring managers that focuses on shifting mindset and implementation strategies for hiring related to recognizing unconscious bias, equity and excellence and cultural responsiveness.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Retention/Support	6.22) Ensure that professional development is targeted to support teacher needs to build their skillsets and confidence as educators.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Retention/Support	6.23) Conduct ongoing feedback sessions with current Black teachers to discuss their current work / school conditions for success, as well as their onboarding and training (e.g., focus groups, and school visits).	□Complete □Way of work ⊠Rewritten to align with strategy (see new 6.13)



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status
Retention/Support	6.24) Continue current leadership pipeline programs to support and attract the top talent into administrative	⊠Complete
	positions.	⊠Way of work



## **Appendix- Key Terms and Definitions**

Term	Data Definitions	Data Rules
Gap	The disproportionality of outcomes related to Black students as compared to the performance of non-Black students.	The gaps for each goal are explained as sub-definitions under each goal. For purposes of this document, the 2015-16 school year is considered the baseline year for setting the district's aspirational goals. 2016-17 is considered the first year of implementation.
Black	All students and employees who are "Black" under the federal race definition, which is defined in Pinellas County as the Local Ethnic Code. This definition is consistent with state and national reporting rules around race. The reporting of a student as "Black" is determined by the parent during the school registration process or by the employee via the hiring process.	The district no longer uses what was termed the "Bradley race variable" that some previous data documents utilized. This race variable was discontinued in 2016-17 as a way of creating a consistent definition around race matched to the federal and state reporting rules. It is important to note that data accuracy around race is dependent upon the accuracy of self-reporting.
Non-Black	All students or employees who are not "Black" under the federal race definition, which is defined in Pinellas County as the Local Ethnic Code. This definition is consistent with state and national reporting rules around race. The reporting of a student as "non-Black" is determined by the parent during the school registration process or by the employee via the hiring process.	The district provides data on all races per the Local Ethnic Code definition. It is important to note that data accuracy around race is dependent upon the accuracy of self-reporting.
Graduation Rate	The percentage of high school students from each four-year cohort who graduate with a standard high school diploma per the state's definition, which includes all withdrawal codes (WD) that result in a standard high school diploma.	The district provides data on all withdrawal codes (WD) as a way of reporting students who graduated with a standard high school diploma, the routes they took in receiving their diplomas as well as accounting for students who did not graduate. Withdrawal codes include: W06 (pass the state assessment), WFT (use of concordant score) and WFW (ESE waiver).
Academic Achievement	The annual performance of students on reading (now called English, Language Arts or ELA) and math standardized assessments. For purposes of this document, the state's Florida Standards Assessment (FSA) is used as well as other nationally recognized normed assessments.	Though the district does review and provide data regarding other achievement factors (such as GPA), the gap for purposes of this section of the document refers to the gap in performance on standardized assessments.
Advanced Coursework	Advanced and accelerated courses and programs that are designed to provide more rigorous academic opportunities for students. For purposes of this document, this includes student enrollment in gifted in elementary and middle schools, and Advanced, Honors and Accelerated (such Dual Enrollment and Advanced Placement courses) courses in middle and high schools. This also includes student enrollments in district application / choice programs.	Data include gifted in elementary school, gifted, advanced and high school-level courses in middle school, and honors, Dual Enrollment, AP, IB and AICE courses in high school. IB and AICE program enrollments are also included as part of the district's monitoring of application / choice programs.
Participation in Advanced Coursework	Participation refers to the total enrollment of Black students in courses (see above) and / or attendance in activities (such as STEM programs) as outlined within this document. The goals for participation are defined as meeting or exceeding the percentage enrollment of Black students across the district (which in 2015-16 was 18%).	To be clear, participation per this document is defined as the percentage of Black students taking part in rigorous classes or programs as compared to their non- Black peers. As a caution, this does not mean that 18% of Black students should be enrolled in advanced courses but it does mean that at least 18% of those students enrolled in advanced courses are Black.



Term	Data Definitions	Data Rules
Performance in Advanced Coursework	Performance refers to the percentage of Black students earning satisfactory course credit (such as college credit in DE or AP) or earning an industry certification. The performance of Black students should mirror the performance of non-Black students.	Measuring the performance of students in accelerated courses such as AP should be made with some caution as the district is committed to challenging students to take more rigorous courses and that sometimes results in higher participation rates and, at least initially, with lower performance rates. The district has outlined plans to provide students with the assistance and support needed to succeed in these more challenging classes.
Disciplinary Referral	An office disciplinary referral was received by a student and processed at the school per the district's Code of Student Conduct.	Data are pulled for both the total number of referrals and the total number of students who received a referral, typically titled "unique referrals" or "unique students" receiving a referral. Though the gap is defined by race, data are pulled also by gender and type of infraction as a way of monitoring progress and interventions.
Disciplinary Suspension	A consequence is issued as a result of an office disciplinary referral that results in a student being removed temporarily from the campus. This is commonly referred to as "out-of-school suspension."	Data are pulled for both the total number of suspensions and total number of students who received a suspension, typically titled "unique suspensions" or "unique students" receiving a suspension. Though the gap is defined by race, data are pulled also by gender and type of infraction as a way of monitoring progress and interventions.
Arrest	A consequence issued by law enforcement agencies and not issued by a school administrator as an arrest is not a school consequence as outlined in the district's Code of Student Conduct.	Arrests are recorded for purposes of this document as a "school-related arrest" when the following conditions are met: the offense is perpetrated by a student and the offense happens on school grounds. For example, a student might be arrested at school for an incident that occurred in the neighborhood, and, in that case, the arrest is not counted as a school-related arrest.
ESE / EBD	The percentage of students identified and staffed for Exceptional Student Education Services. One such designation that is tracked per this document are those students in need of significant behavioral support under the heading of Emotional Behavioral Disabilities (EBD).	For purposes of this document, students with a 504 Plan are not included.
Risk Ratio	A data point that represents the likelihood that a member of one group would incur a consequence as compared to other subgroups or as compared to all other students.	Formula: Subgroup Risk ÷ Non-Subgroup Risk # black students suspended ÷ total # of black students # non – black students suspended ÷ total # of non – black students
Minority Hiring	The total number and percentage of instructional and administrative positions with the goal of increasing staff diversity by meeting or exceeding the total enrollment of Black students across the district (defined in 2015-16 as 18%).	The data for this document are pulled only for instructional and administrative positions and not for related staff positions that are non-instructional. As such, the gaps referred to herein are intended to impact the diversity of the teaching and administrative staff.

